# Regional early warning for soil slides, debris flows, and slush flow in Norway



#### Hervé Colleuille

Hydrogeologist

Section Head, Hydrology department Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Directorate

# The application of the landslide early warning along transportation lines in Norway



#### **Tore Humstad**

**Engineering geologist** 

**Geotechnical division Norwegian Public Roads Administration** 



# Is it a problem?

#### Statens vegvesen





# Is it a problem?

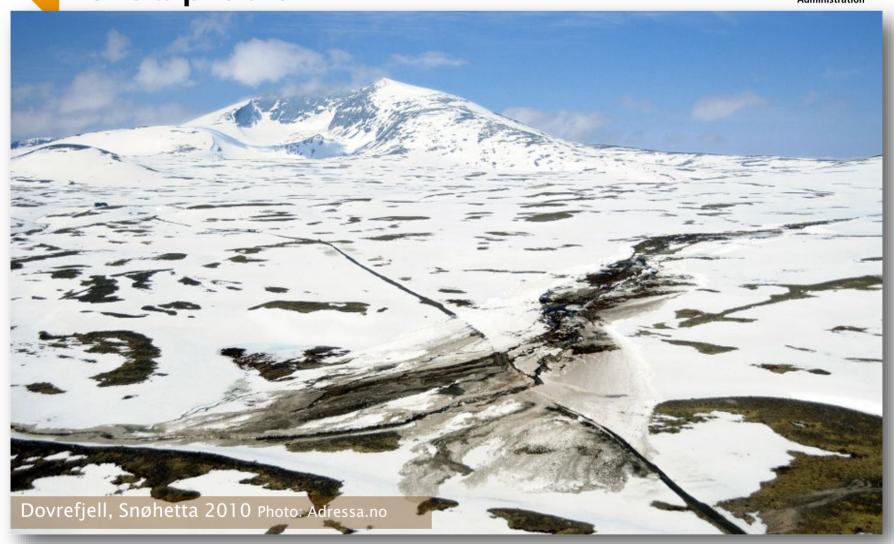
#### Statens vegvesen





# Is it a problem?

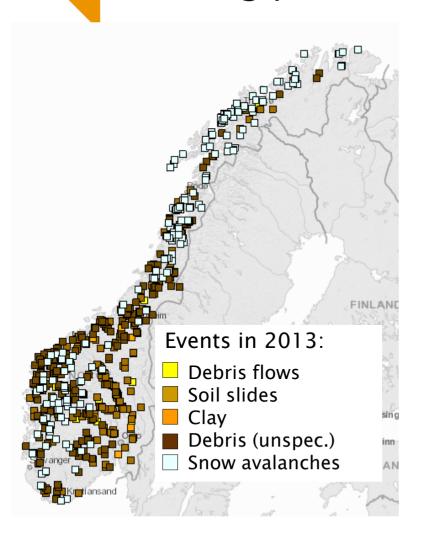
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### Growing problem?



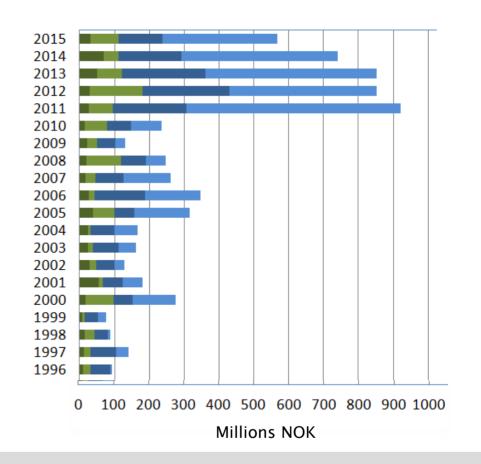
# Compensations paid 1996-2015



■ Skred: Norsk Naturskadepool

■ Flom: Statens naturskadefond

■ Flom: Norsk Naturskadepool







### «Can we solve it together»?

- Weather station
- Meteorological and hydrological models
- Weather forecast and flood waring
- Expertise (internal and external)
- Responsible for same professions in different industries





- After some years of development of regional warning services:
  - Snow avalanche warning, launched in 2013
  - Landslide warning, launched in 2013



### **Basic information**

About 500 000 km rivers and streams (99% electricity production from water)

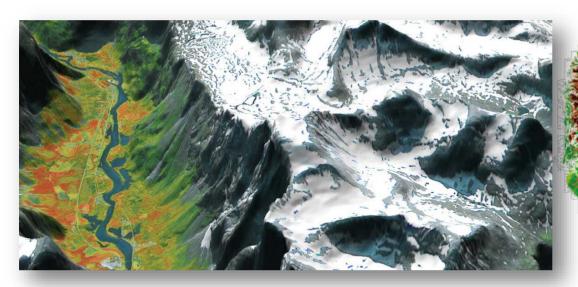
■ Landscape: Fjords, U-shaped valleys, mountains, bogs

 Shallow soils and aquifers: Moraine or marine deposits overlying fractured bedrocks (crystalline & metamorphosed hard rocks)

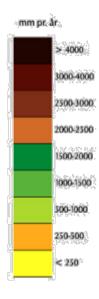
Large climatic contrasts from West to East

>1/3 precipitation as snow

Rainfall and snowmelt induced events all around the year



Yearly mm precipitation





• Area: 324 000 km<sup>2</sup> (+ Svalbard)

• Population: 5.2 mill. Density: 16 people per km<sup>2</sup>

# **NVEs Early Warning Systems (EWS)**

### Three warning services

■ Flood warning (1989)





Operated in close cooperation



Debris slides, debris flows & slush flows



Established as a joint initiative across public agencies

■ Snow avalanche warning (2013)















# 3 years to establish operating EWS

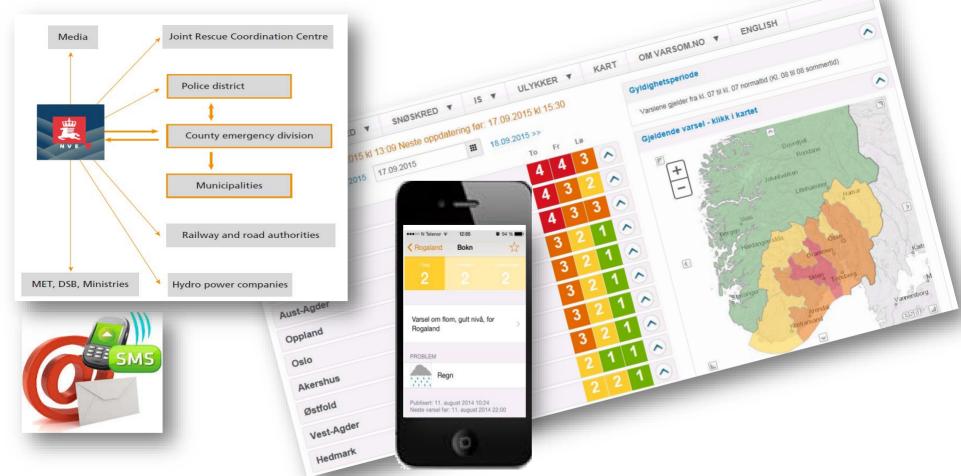


- Expanding the hydrological and meteorological station network
- Strong development of IT- tools (decision tools, database...)
- Common research and development
- Synergy effect with the existing flood warning service using same observations, forecasts, hydrological models, warning portal...

### What are we doing?

- Notify on potentially dangerous hydrological situations (for 3 days ahead);
- Inform about ongoing situation and expected development so that the situation can be handled best possible locally

  Man Thu Wed
- Warnings are issued at <u>www.varsom.no</u> web & mobil
- E-post send to emergency authorities/media E-mail/SMS by free subscription



# **Organization**

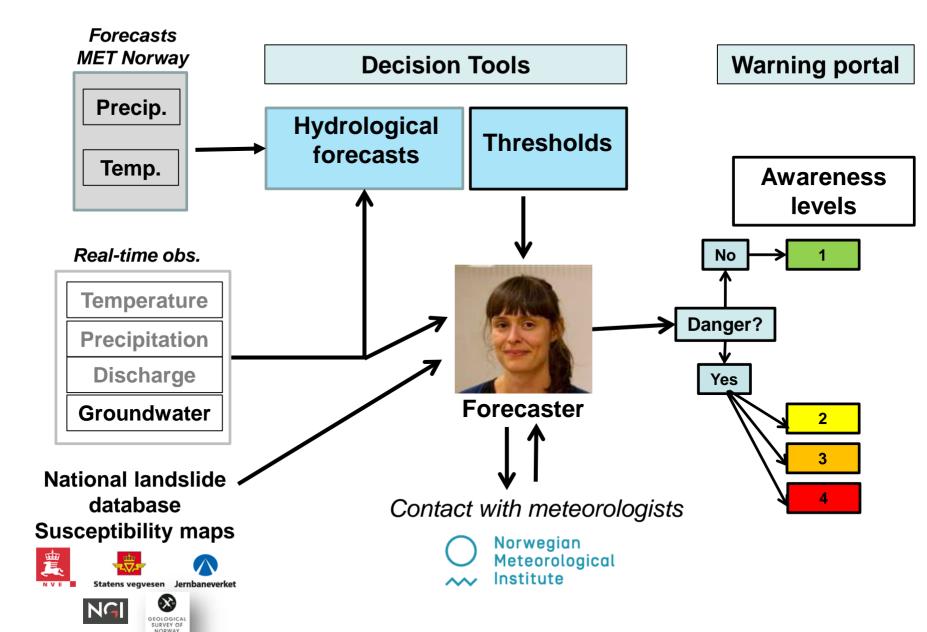
- 8-21 hours nationwide forecasting and warning service
- About 12 forecasters from NVE and 2 from NPRA (Roads Administration) Multidisciplinary teams: Hydrologists, hydrogeologists, geologists
- 1 forecaster on duty for one week
   (+ 1 second call in working time) Working
   with the flood forecaster
- Daily briefing at 9:00 with a meteorologist from MET Norway







#### How we assess landslide hazard?





About 300 days/year

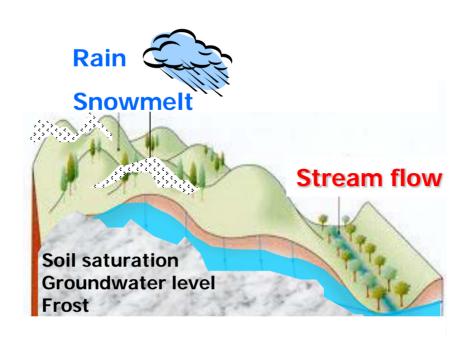
Number of days in period 2012-15



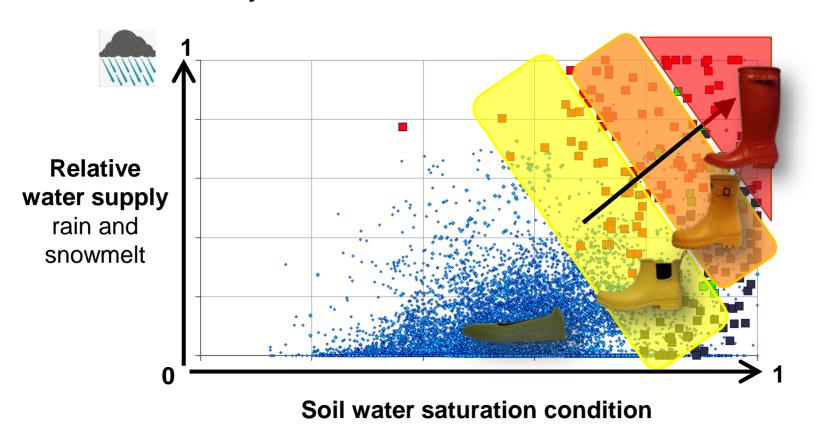
### Landslide awareness levels

# Early warning system for landslides:

- The methodology is based primarily on threshold values for water supply (rain & snowmelt) and soil/groundwater conditions based on analysis of historical events
- Warning messages are issued when a combination of threshold values are exceeded



# Thresholds from statistics of hydro-meteorological variables at days with •:• and without landslides \*•



#### **Examples of other thresholds:**

- Index of water supply + soil saturation + soil frost
- Water supply as % max or normal supply (1 day and for 3 days)
- Precipitation as % of max precipitation for a 5 year return period (3 hours and 1 day)

### Hydrological models

- A spatially distributed version of the conceptual rainfall-runoff HBV-model Beldring et al. 2003
  - 24h 1x1 km² 322,000 cells
  - Water supply, snow melt/depth, groundwater depth, frost, soil saturation, threshold values to evaluate landslide hazards
- A physically based 1-D soil water and energy balance model
   S-FLOW: An adapted version of COUP-model Jansson & Karlberg, 2004

### Weather forecast (Precipitation & temperature)

- **AROME MetCoOp** 66 hour forecasts every six hours (2.5 km resolution)
- **ECMWF** (10 days, 16 km resolution)

### **Observations** (real-time update hourly or daily)

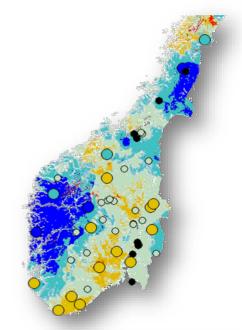
- Discharge/water levels: > 400
- Groundwater levels: 70
- Precipitation: 400 Temperature: 230

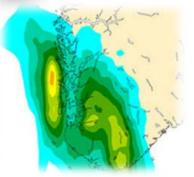












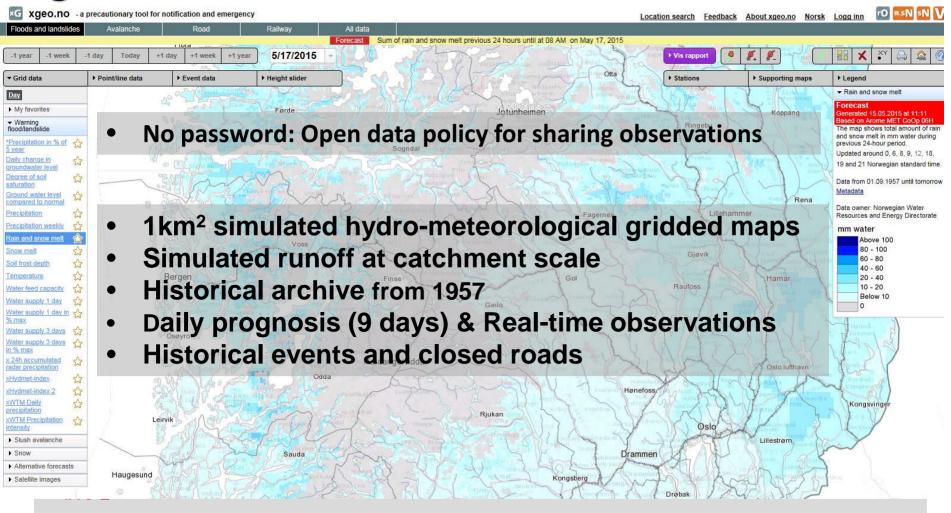


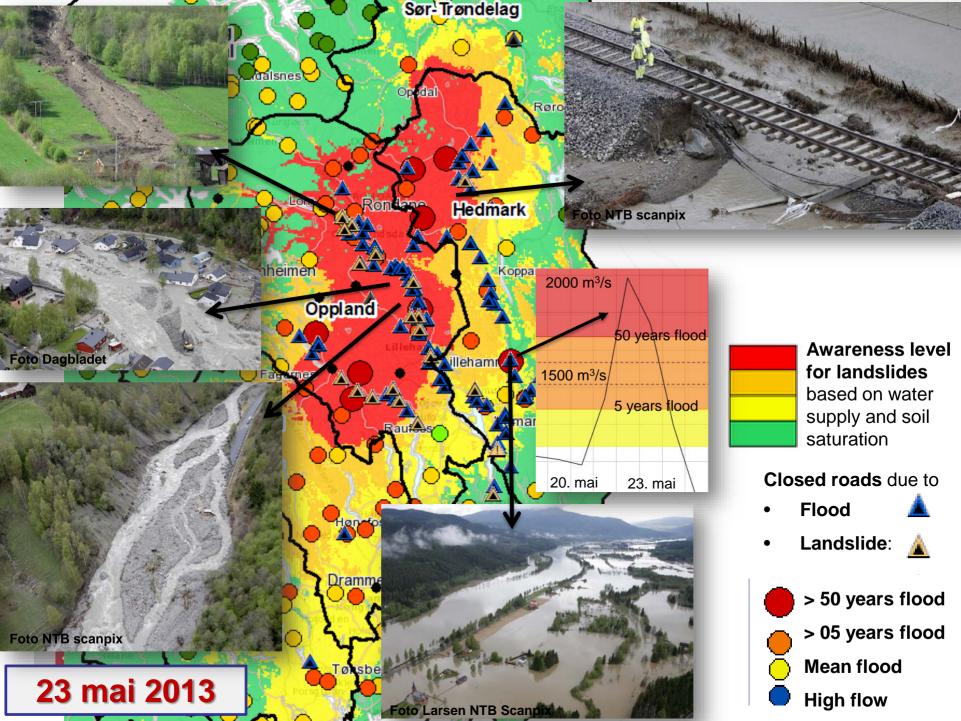






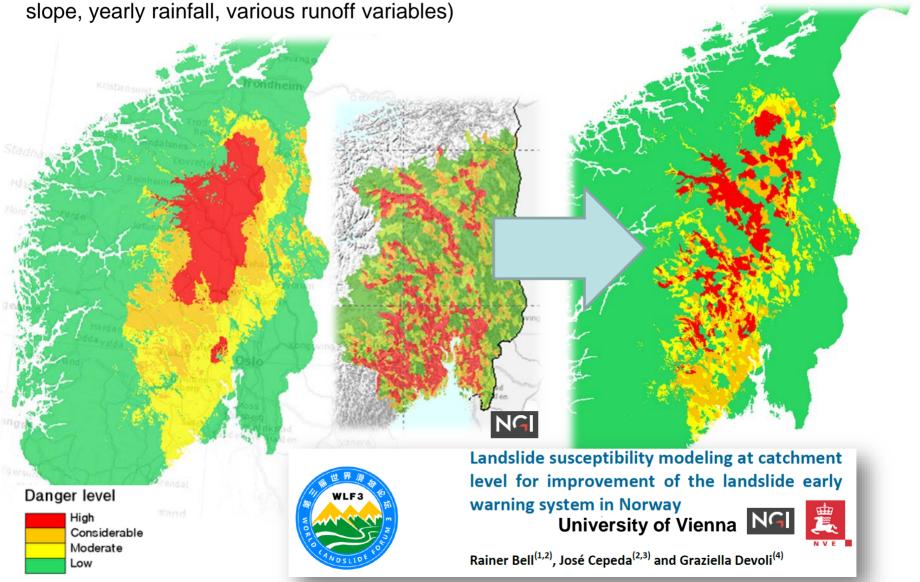
### Xgeo.no: A GIS & web-based decision tool





### Work in progress to increase precision in warnings:

Forecasted hydro-meteorological index (soil saturation and rain & snowmelt) combined with a susceptibility maps at catchment level (geology, geomorphology,

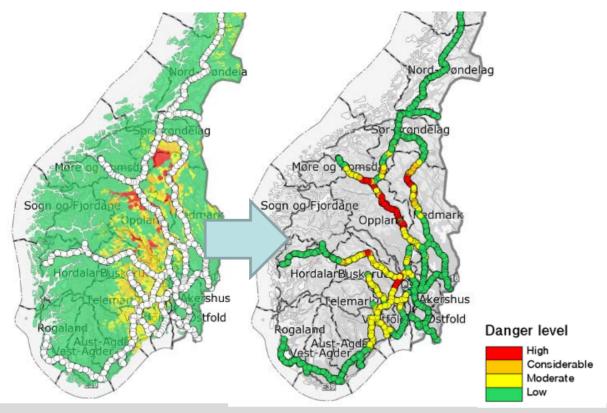


#### Work in progress to increase warnings usefulness:



#### Railways combined with:

- Warning levels or Hydro-meteorological index
- Susceptibility maps and culverts









# Challenges after 3 years experiences

- **EWS requires reliable overview of landslide events** (type, date, place, triggering). This is a prerequisite both for establishment of thresholds and post-evaluation
- Evaluation for improvement of the EWS:
  - Warning performance (false alarms, missed events, wrong levels)
  - Recipient survey: Warning should trigger preparedness or action, and improve generally awareness to risk

Perception of landslide warning: Debris flows and slides are often considered as flood damages. Difficult to understand the need for different warnings for flood and landslides although warnings may be applies to different locations and times

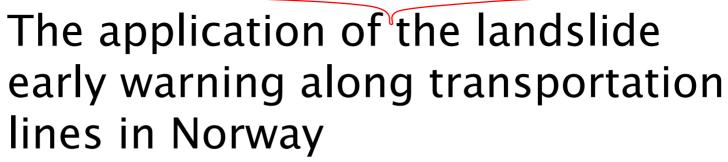
## **Conclusions**

- Synergy with the flood warning service was also significantly for a rapid establishment and a rational operation (organization, hydrological monitoring and models, automatic collection of MET observations & forecasts, decision tools, warning routines & communication)
- The joint initiative with the Norwegian Meteorological Institute and the Norwegian Public Roads and National Rail Administrations was crucial for the establishment of the warning service and are still important for the operating of the service (economy, collecting of landslide events, research and development...)





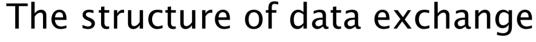
## and contributions to



Tore Humstad, enginering geologist Roald Aabøe, head of Geotechnical division









#### Natural hazard operation manual

Contracts and procedures Roles and responsibilities Contingency plan Natural hazard atlas



#### Elrapp application

Registration tool
Internal news feed
Communication between
contractor and road owner

# Varsom.no Landslide warning service Flood warning service Avalanche warning service





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#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

#### Norwegian Public Roads

# Natural hazard operation manual (ABC) Administration





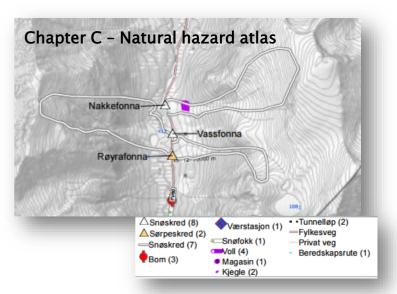


#### Chapter A - general

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Roles
- 3. Procedures
- 4. Preparedness levels
- 5. Warning services

#### Chapter B - local exposure

- 6. People involved
- 7. Area involved
- 8. Hazard exposure
- 9. Roads' resilience
- 10.Local criteria



#### **Bonus** material Web map services $\rightarrow$ xgeo.no

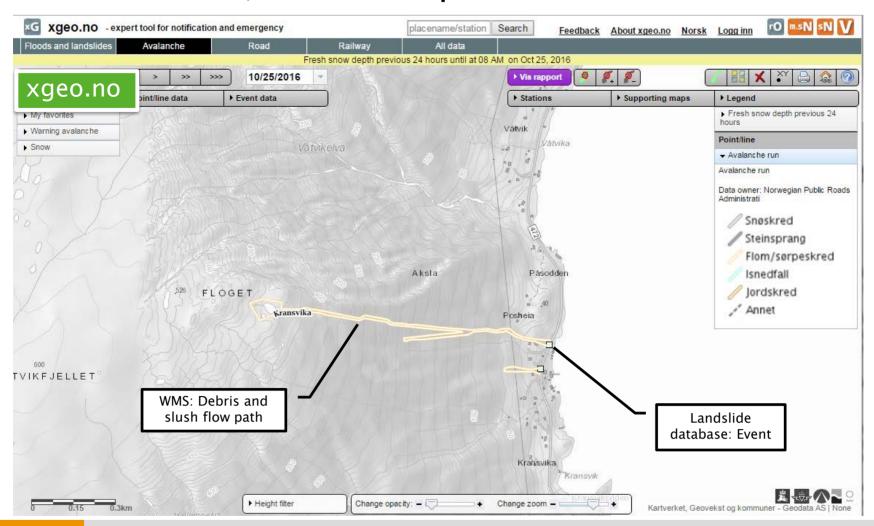




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#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

### Landslide/avalanche paths from wms

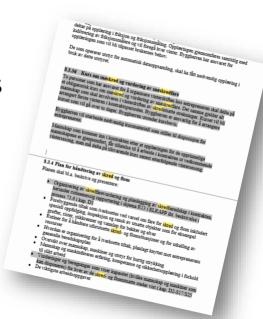




#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

### Contracts and regulations

- Operation and maintenance contracts regulates:
  - Standard industry courses
  - Use of natural hazard atlas
  - Registration of danger signs and landslides snow avalanches
- Main focus has been on snow avalanches
- More focus on landslides in the next years









#### Natural hazard operation manual



Contracts and procedures Roles and responsibilities Contingency plan Natural hazard atlas



#### Elrapp application

Registration tool
Internal news feed
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#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

### Elrapp application



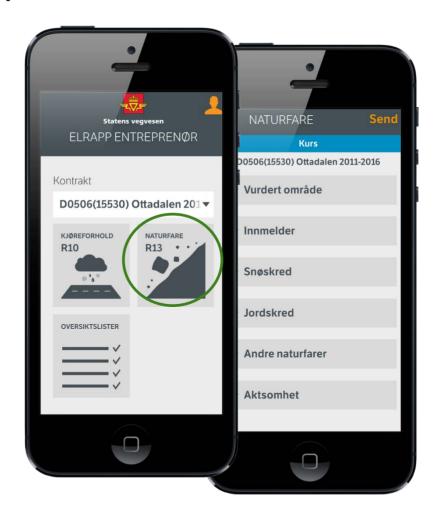


#### Used by

 Contractors in areas with roads exposed to natural hazards

#### Why?

- Contracts tell them to
- Document own observations and decisions
- Multi-use of data



#### Which data?

- Signs of danger
- Evaluation of natural hazard level
  - Avalanches
  - Landslides
  - Rock fall
  - Flood
  - Wind
  - Storm surges
  - Forest fire
- Level of concern

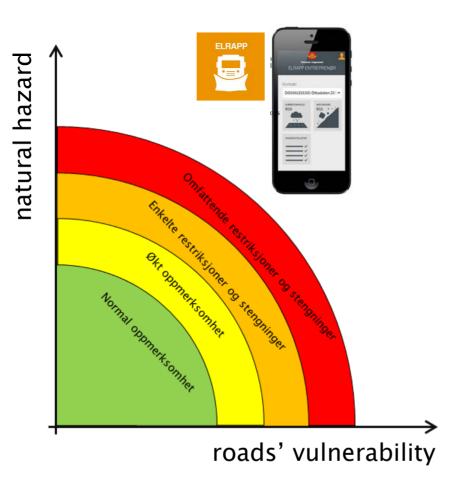
#### When?:

- As a routine
- Before, under and after extreme events



#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

### Elrapp application - Level of concern



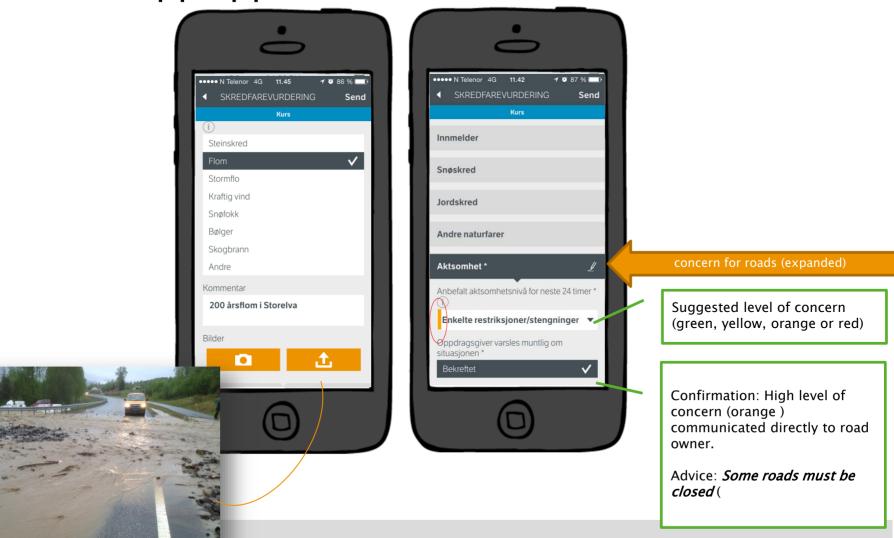
- Normal level of concern:
  Business as usual
- Increased level of concern:
  Continuous monitoring of weather conditions, inspections
- High level of concern:
  Some restrictions and/or closures likely
- Very high level of concern: Extensive restrictions and/or closures likely



Administration

#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

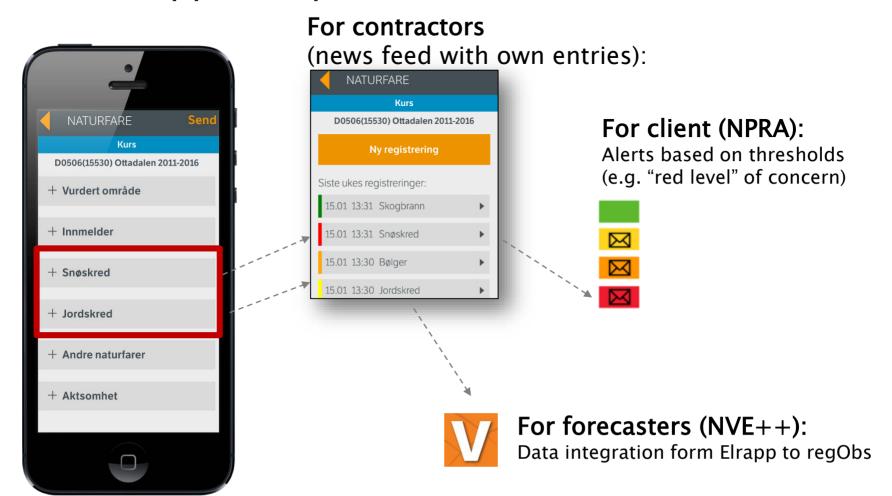
Elrapp application - Level of concern





#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

### Elrapp – output

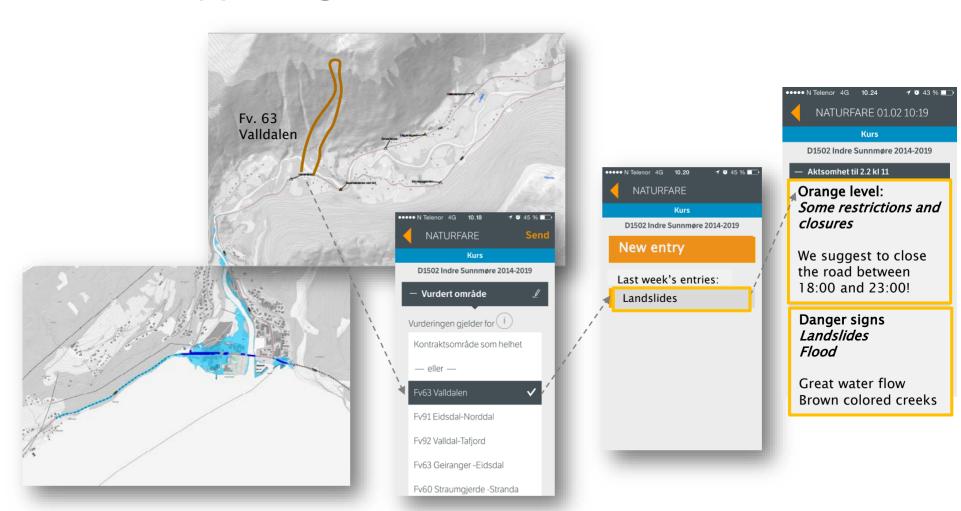




Administration

# NPRA's role in landslide warning service

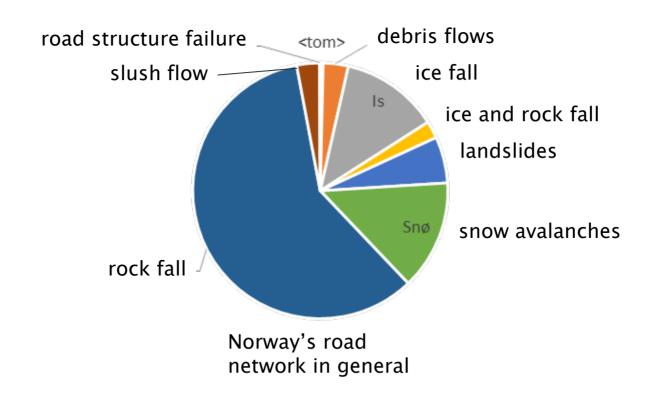
## Elrapp - registration





#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

#### Landslide and avalanche events (2000-2015)

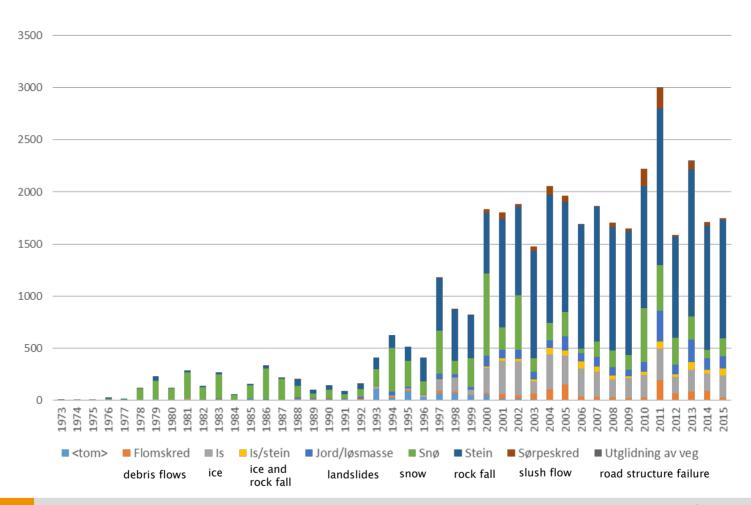




Administration

#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

### Landslide and avalanche events (on roads)

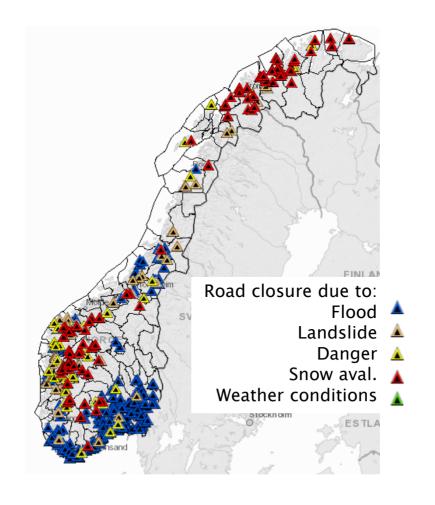


Data fra NVDB 4.12.2015



#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

# From traffic information (20.4.15–20.4.16)





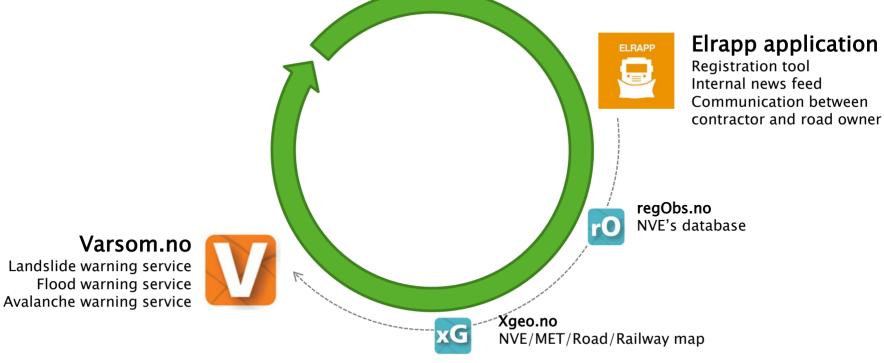


## The structure of data exchange



#### Natural hazard operation manual

Contracts and procedures Roles and responsibilities Contingency plan Natural hazard atlas



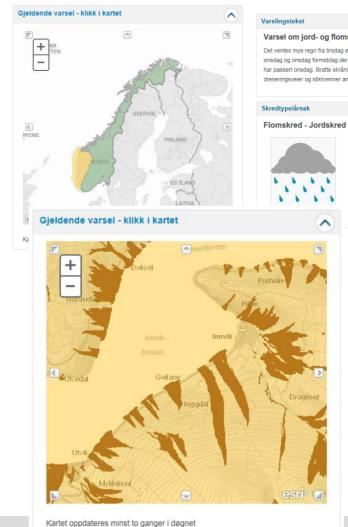


Norwegian Public Roads Administration

#### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

### Use of landslide warning

Møre og Romsdal Sogn og Fjordane	1	2		
Sogn og Fjordane			•	$^{\circ}$
	2	2	1	•
Hordaland	2	2	1	•
Rogaland	2	2	1	•
Finnmark	1	1	1	
Troms	1	1	1	
Nordland	1	1	1	
Nord-Trøndelag	1	1	1	
Sør-Trøndelag	1	1	1	
Vest-Agder	1	1	1	
Aust-Agder	1	1	1	
Telemark	1	1	1	
Vestfold	1	1	1	
Buskerud	1	1	1	
Oppland	1	1	1	
Hedmark	1	1	1	
Oslo	1	1	1	
Akershus	1	1	1	
Østfold	1	1	1	



#### Varsel om jord- og flomskredfare, gult nivå for Vestlandet, grunnet mye regn

Det ventes mye regn fra tirsdag ettermiddag til onsdag ettermiddag. Faren for jord- og flomskred blir størst natt til onsdag og onsdag formiddag der de største nedbørmengdene faller. Skredfaren blir raskt avtagende etter at nedbøren har passert onsdag. Bratte skråninger, samt bekker og elveløp med stor vannføring er spesielt utsatt. Rensing av dreneringsveier og stikkrenner anbefales



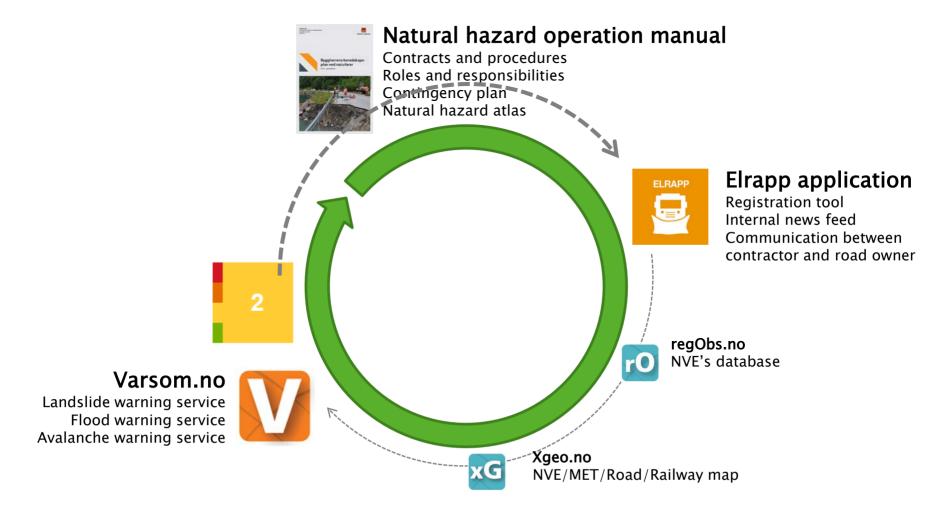


Norwegian Public Roads

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### NPRA's role in landslide warning service

#### Conclusions

#### **Benefits:**

- Shared systems mutual contribution is possible
- Contributing is applying
- The service has increased the organizational awareness to all natural hazards

#### **Further work**

- A greater evaluation is suggested next year
- More flood and landslide focus in the operation and maintenance contracts would be useful (as it is for snow avalanches)



### Thanks for the attention!



Photo: ASBJØRN TORGERSEN, Telemarksavisa, May 2013